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Nicaragua

Food and Agricultural Import Regulations and Standards -Certification

FAIRS Export Certificate Report

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Report Highlights:

This report lists Nicaragua import requirements for export certification and import permits for agrochemicals, veterinary products, feed stuffs and food products for human consumption.

Section I. List of All Export Certificates Required By Government (Matrix) :

Disclaimer: This report was prepared by the office of Agricultural Affairs of the USDA/Foreign Agricultural Service in Managua, Nicaragua for U.S. exporters of domestic food and agricultural

products. While every possible care was taken in preparation of this report, information provided may not be completely accurate, either because policies have changed since its preparation, or because clear and consistent information about these policies was not available. It is highly recommended that U.S. exporters verify the full set of import requirements with their foreign customers, who are normally best equipped to research such matters with local authorities, before any goods are shipped. Final import approval of any product is subject to the importing country's rules and regulations as interpreted by border officials at the time of the product entry.

The Nicaraguan Institute of Agricultural Protection and Health (IPSA) and the Ministry of Health (MINSA) in Nicaragua require registration of imported products prior to issuing import permits. IPSA is responsible for the inspection of agricultural products at ports and borders and the registration of animal feeds, agrochemicals and seeds, while MINSA regulates processed food registration. As a first import requirement, every importer must request an import permit from IPSA or MINSA prior to the importation of any shipment (Please refer to attachments to see format of import permits). Importers need to provide a copy of the commercial invoice, certificate of origin and a Health or Phytosanitary certificate attached to the permits. To find the import requirements of agricultural products please refer to the following link: http://190.53.40.72/cuarentena/siauicltini/wfinicio.aspx

The following certificates are requested once all the products (except for plants and animals) have been registered at IPSA or MINSA. For more information about the product registration process please refer to the FAIRS Country Narrative Report.

Product (s)	Title of Certificate	Attestation Required on Certificate	Purpose	Requesting Ministry
Agrochemicals, Veterinary Products	Sanitary- Phytosanitary Import Permit	Certificates must be issued by a competent Government Authority	Traceability	IPSA
	Certificate of Origin			
	Certificate of Qualitative- Quantitative Analysis			
	Copy of the Commercial Invoice			
Feedstuffs	Sanitary- Phytosanitary Import permits	Certificate must be issued by a competent government authority except for the	Traceability	IPSA
	Certificate of	certificate of chemical		

	Origin	analysis.		
	Sanitary Certificate Copy of the commercial Invoice			
Plant Products and Sub-Products	Sanitary- Phytosanitary Import permit Certificate of origin Phytosanitary Certificate of chemical Treatment (when applicable). Copy of the Commercial invoice	Certificate must be issued by a competent government authority	Traceability	IPSA
Animal Products and Sub-Products	Sanitary- Phytosanitary Import permit Sanitary Certificate Certificate of origin Copy of the commercial invoice	Certificate must be issued by a competent government authority	Traceability	IPSA
Processed Food	Sanitary- Import Permit	Certificates must be issued by a competent government authority	Traceability	The sanitary import permit is

Certificate of		equested at the
origin	Ν	Iinistry Health
	()	MINSA).
Sanitary or		
Phytosanitary	Т	'he other
certificate	c	ertificates are
	re	equired by IPSA
Copy of the	a	t the port or
Commercial	b	oarder of entry.
Invoice		

Section II. Purpose of Specific Export Certificate(s)

Sanitary and Phytosanitary Import Permit:

The sanitary and phytosanitary import permit is the official document that authorizes the import of any product to Nicaragua. For processed foods, importers must request the import permit from MINSA and from IPSA for agricultural products. IPSA or MINSA will review the application to make sure the product is eligible to enter the Nicaraguan market and that it complies with all of the sanitary and phytosanitary requirements established by Nicaragua. An import permit is valid for one shipment. If the import permit is not used within thirty days, the importer may request a renewal from Government of Nicaragua authorities.

Certificate of Origin:

The Certificate of Origin is submitted to Customs to certify the country of origin of the goods. The minimum information a certificate of origin should contain is: name of issuer and contact information, customs tariff and description of the merchandise, information to support a product of origin and date of the certificate. The Nicaraguan Institute of Agricultural Protection and Health (IPSA) requests certificates of origin issued by chambers of commerce. In addition, the importer must present the DR-CAFTA certificate of origin to Customs authorities to benefit from free trade preferences if applicable.

Phytosanitary Certificate:

A Phytosanitary certificate is used to attest that <u>consignments</u> meet phytosanitary <u>import</u> requirements and is undertaken by an NPPO (National Plant Protection Organization). A phytosanitary certificate for <u>export</u> or re-export can be issued only by a public officer who is technically qualified and duly authorized by an NPPO. In the United States, the USDA/ Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) Plant Protection and Quarantine maintains the export program for the U.S. exports and foreign-origin agricultural commodities.

Sanitary Certificate:

IPSA requires sanitary or health certificates for animals and animal sub-products. USDA/APHIS is the head of veterinary services, which would provide these certificates. Please refer to APHIS' import and <u>export matrix</u> for a

list of plant or animal export protocols already negotiated between USDA and MAGFOR.

Commercial Invoice:

A commercial invoice is a bill for the goods from the seller to the buyer. These invoices are often used by governments to determine the true value of goods when assessing customs duties. Governments that use the commercial invoice to control imports will often specify its form, content, and number of copies, language to be used, and other characteristics.

Certificate of Free Sale:

The certificate of free sale, which states that goods such as food items, cosmetics, biologics, or medical devices are legally sold or distributed in the open market, freely without restriction, and approved by the regulatory authorities in the country of origin, is requested by MINSA just for product registry.

Certificate of Qualitative and Quantitative Analysis:

IPSA requires a certificate of quantitative and qualitative analysis for agrochemicals. The certificate provides information about active components of the product and is issued by the manufacturer. Please refer to the FAIRS Narrative report for more information.

Section III. Specific Attestations Required on Export Certificate(s)

A competent government authority from the exporting country has to issue all required certificates and the products (agrochemicals, animal feeds, food products, etc.) must be first registered in Nicaragua. Please refer to the FAIRS narrative report to see registration requirements for different products.

The certificate of free sale required by MINSA for product registration must state that the product is of "free sale" in the country of origin and that the product is apt for human consumption. IPSA requires specific attestations when an animal or plant health condition is developed in the exporting country. In such cases IPSA will provide importers with a detailed outline of the attestation for the export/SPS certificates.

Section IV. Government Certificate's Legal Entry Requirements

IPSA or MINSA must issue an import permit prior to each importation. The importer requests the import permit with supporting information, including of a copy of an SPS certificate, certificate of origin, and a commercial invoice. Consistent information such as amount, description, origin, and point of shipping must be stated in the request form. MINSA requires that processed food products be registered in Nicaragua prior to importation. Food samples for showcasing are allowed one entry without registration but they must be accompanied by a certificate of free sale.

SPS technical officers review the supporting documents (original import permit, original SPS certificate or certificate of origin and a copy of the commercial invoice) and inspect a product at the time of entry.

An import permit is valid for one shipment. If the import permit is not used within thirty days, the importer may request a renewal from Government of Nicaragua authorities. MAGFOR and MINSA will accept only certificates issued by the competent government authorities of the exporting country. When shipments do not meet Government of Nicaragua import requirements, products are normally detained at the port of entry for sampling. Samples are subject to laboratory analysis to determine their physical and chemical characteristics. A product may be confiscated for destruction or re-exported, depending on its condition, as determined by government authorities.

Section V. Other Certification/Accreditation Requirements

At the time this report was written, there are no additional import requirements that apply or are associated with plant, animal or processed food products being certified in conformance with Nicaragua's laws.

Appendix I. Electronic Copy or Outline of Each Export Certificate

Please see attached the following documents:

- 1. Technical Norm 11 005-08 Import requirements for plant products and Plant- Sub-products.
- 2. Sanitary-Phytosanitary Import Permit.
- 3. Health certificate.
- 4. Phytosanitary certificate.
- 5. DR- CAFTA certificate of origin.
- 6. Certificate of origin issued by a chamber of commerce.
- 7. Commercial Invoice